

# The Topeka State Journal.

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## DOWN, DOWN, DOWN

Wages Must Keep on Going in Pennsylvania.

Frick Announces the New Schedule at Homestead.

## MEN MUST TAKE LESS.

Wages Have Been Steadily Falling Since 1892.

It is the Skilled Workmen Who Are Cut Down.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 24.—The scale of wages to be paid by the Carnegie Steel company at the Homestead works has been completed by the management, and was presented to the employees of the great works today for their inspection and acceptance.

No detailed information regarding the proposed rate of the wages can be obtained, but owing to the extremely low and unprecedented prices ruling in the iron and steel trade, the labor expense of the company must in the judgment of the management be curtailed somewhat.

The change involves a reduction on the skilled and higher paid workmen, but common low-priced labor will not be affected by the adjustment.

Of the latter class there are quite a large number, the high-priced labor being comparatively small.

According to the estimates of Chairman H. C. Frick himself the earnings for 1895 from a careful examination will average \$2.20 per day for every man and boy employed, against \$2.24 per day during the year just closing, \$2.44 per day for 1893, and \$2.48 per day for the first six months of 1894, when the Homestead works were operated under the Amalgamated association prices.

The percentage of the individual reductions is not obtainable just now, but will be great, as the whole cut must come off the skilled and high-priced workmen.

A reporter called at the company office and asked Mr. Frick for an explanation of the terms of the new scale. He predicated the necessity for an adjustment of the scale on the changed conditions in the method of manufacture, and look over to state that the so-called reductions were really not reductions, but an equalization of rates to size up with the improved facilities.

A skilled workman at the Homestead mill contradicts Mr. Frick's statement that under the new scale heaters and rollers will average from \$5.50 to \$7 per day. He said he did not know of any heater or roller making the amount in the mill now. This work is the most severe the human frame can be put to. No man can continue at it more than ten years and he is then often a physical wreck.

## HAWAIIANS LIKE WHISKY.

Immense Quantities of It Are Shipped to the Island.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—Whether the Hawaiian islands do or do not become annexed to Uncle Sam's states, the fact remains that the fondness of the people of the islands for good old rye whisky and bourbon will be increased by a closer relationship. On East river, where the Harlem brewery is loading for the islands, there are over 200,000 barrels of rye whisky, rum and bourbon, and every barrel contains its legal quota of thirty-six gallons, and every gallon of it of the best.

Sandwich Islanders will not have any other. There was a time, however, when whisky of the first water variety was good enough. Liquor is improved after a long ocean voyage in a sailing ship, and that is the reason it is not forwarded across the continent.

## ANARCHISTS WANTED.

Charles Mowbray Says They Should Be in Every Town.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—Anarchist Chas. Mowbray said at a mass-meeting in the Thalia theater: "We want an organization of anarchists in every city and town. We want men who can expound the principles of anarchism in English. Petty jealousies have done much to weaken our cause. This must cease."

Our masters, the capitalists, are cheered because we are disunited; but they must remember that an anarchist commune and will not down at their bidding."

## NEWFOUNDLAND'S BAD FIX

Insolvency or Worse Seems to Be in Store for That Country.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—The Times today in the course of an article on Newfoundland, says that to grant the loan of one million pounds, which has been asked for by that colony, would be "a cruel kindness, which would be impossible to concede without the fullest inquiry."

The Times adds: "If the choice lies between insolvency and the surrender of their constitution it is well that the alternative be faced without delay."

LONDON to GIVE \$250,000. The problem of making the payment of \$250,000 to the Newfoundlanders for their lands in Idaho, which has confronted the interior department for some time, has been settled. It authorizes a special agent to proceed and make up a roll of the Indians entitled to the money. Drafts will be made out payable to each Indian in his own name for the amount due him. There are 1,100 of the Indians, each of whom will receive about \$250.

## SARAH ALTHEA HILL AGAIN

Her New Guardian Says She Was Plundered by the Old One.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 24.—"You can say for me that if there be any law in this state for robbing an insane woman, I will have Porter Ashe in San Quentin before he is many months older."

That is one of the remarks made by Thomas H. Williams, Jr. It indicates that much more than has already been related may still be said of the affairs of the unfortunate Sarah Althea Terry, whose dramatic career seemed to have ended when she entered the gates of the asylum at Stockton. It is a matter of recent news that Mr. Williams was appointed the temporary guardian of the affairs of Mrs. Sarah Althea Terry, widow of Judge David S. Terry, who was killed while assaulting Justice Stephen J. Field four years ago.

He expects the superior court to make him her permanent guardian on Friday next. When he made his appeal he preferred serious charges against R. Porter Ashe, who has been acting as Mrs. Terry's guardian for three years. He accused Ashe of many acts and plainly called him to task for alleged dishonesty. In his petition he did not enter into details.

He will have much more to relate when the affair is investigated, and he says that he will push the matter to the end to prove his assertions against Ashe. He accuses the latter of having plundered the estate of Mrs. Terry. He has in his possession certain documents which look none too pleasant for Ashe. When the latter is heard he may have an explanation to make.

Williams says that Ashe pawned a gold watch belonging to Judge Terry and jewelry belonging to his mad widow, applying the proceeds to his own use. He has receipts and checks to prove some of his charges, one of which is a car load of Mrs. Terry's personal effects, was removed from her home in Fresno by Ashe and never seen since, although Ashe made no accounting of the valuables.

"Ashe has been masquerading as a millionaire for years," said Williams. "He has not got a cent, and has been using this woman's money to cut a figure. I know him and know just where he stands."

"He shall be called to account for every one of her belongings and he may find to his sorrow that my sources of information regarding him have been startlingly accurate. These things have disappeared and Ashe is responsible for them before the law. I would rather be stage robber than steal that way," was Williams' angry conclusion.

## TRAMP TOWN.

A Regularly Established Community of Wandering Vagabonds Near Mobile.

MOBILE, Ala., Dec. 24.—There is located on the roads, between the plant of the Bay City Lumber Co. on One Mile creek a few miles south of Mobile, a remarkable community. It is nothing more or less than an aggregation of tramps, who have been driven to the south by winter. One by one they dropped down into the cove of the bay mentioned, until they now number a hundred or more. Windy slabs from the mill they have erected rude huts. For livelihood they get oysters from the bay, and the natives say, chickens from the neighboring hen roosts.

Some of the tramps have obtained odd jobs about the neighborhood, and profess an intention of permanent citizenship. They issued notice yesterday of an election for mayor to be held on Christmas day. To be eligible to vote one must have been a tramp for at least two seasons. The most formidable candidate for mayor is John Dobbins, an Irishman, who boasts of a romantic experience of ten years. James Chester of Pennsylvania opposes him and lays his hope of success on his superior learning. He was once a lawyer.

## A BRILLIANT THOUGHT.

Kohl to Be Boycotted by Editors Who Don't Like Him.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Dec. 24.—In line with a suggestion of the Talladega News-Reporter, an agreement is being prepared for circulation among the Alabama editors, the compact to be entered into being that they will not again print the name of Reuben F. Kohl, nor that of any of his political associates, in their respective papers.

The idea is to have the press boycott him, and it is believed that when the principle of the opportunity of gaining notoriety the reform leaders will fall into oblivion.

## MRS. ASTOR ESTEEMED.

She Won Affection Wherever She Went. Says the Pall Mall Gazette.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon says: "The death of the late Mrs. William Waldorf Astor has caused anxiety to her relatives and friends for some months past, though during the summer she was strong enough to welcome and entertain the whole staff of the Pall Mall Gazette at Chelsea."

"Whether in her New York home or in doing the honors of the American legation at Rome or in her English house, she won affection on all sides."

## ROUGH ROADS KILLED HIM.

An Accident Insurance Company Beaten in a Contested Case.

CHICAGO, Dec. 24.—Battle E. Fible, administrator of the estate of her father, David M. Fible, secured a verdict of \$115,000 today against the United States Mutual Accident Association. D. M. Fible, who was a prominent wholesale liquor dealer of Louisville, Ky., died from peritonitis resulting from injuries received in riding over a rough road.

The insurance company resisted payment of its policy, claiming that death resulted from natural causes.

## The Fatal Thirteen.

HURRANI, O., Dec. 24.—Charles Rocho, an Italian, was murdered and robbed of \$15 and then thrown from a box car on the Lake Shore road, a mile from here last night by three tramps. He boarded the train at Ashtabula to go to Youngstown. Rocho resisted the attempt to rob him and was shot in the back twice, dying early this morning. The tramps escaped.

## TAKE A NEW TACK.

The Searchers For Mrs. Matson's Murderers

Believe That Nevils is Guilty But Not Bailey.

## FACTS COME TO LIGHT

That Make Matters Look Gloomy for Nevils.

Much Doubt That Bailey Owned the Iron "Slug"

Which Was Found Near the Dead Body.

Sheriff D. N. Burdge and his associates who are hunting for the murderer or murderers of Mrs. A. D. Matson, are confident they will be able to bring the guilty man or men to justice, although the case has not developed as rapidly as they would have wished.

To a STATE JOURNAL reporter today Sheriff Burdge said: "I have not heard from Chattanooga, Tenn., but I am inclined to think Neils Bailey is not the man we are after, although his leaving here just at the time he did and in the way he did, were suspicious circumstances. After making a careful investigation yesterday and today into Bailey's habits and his past record it seems to me he is not the guilty man. We have not yet secured any positive proof but the circumstantial evidence is accumulating and it looks bad for this man Nevils who is now in jail."

Ex-Sheriff John M. Wilkerson, who is the right hand man of Sheriff Burdge, in tracing the murderers, also believes that Bailey is the wrong man and that Nevils was, at least, implicated in the murder.

Mr. Wilkerson said: "The circumstantial evidence against Nevils is very strong. I have just discovered a letter which he wrote from Houston, Texas, December 15, although he now insists that he was not in Texas at all but says he was in Winfield."

"Nevils left Topeka on the night of the 12th and this letter was written to his wife on the 15th from Houston and in it he said he would be home 'after Christmas.' Instead of coming home after Christmas, however, here he is in jail and he was arrested here last Friday night. When he was first arrested he said he had been to Gainesville, Texas, and now he says he was not in Texas at all, but was in Winfield."

"I am inclined to the opinion that the 'slug-shot' is not as important a link in the evidence as we first thought. The 'slug-shot' is not a sash weight but is the lower end of an old-fashioned wagon coupling pin, with a key hole in the end of it. The string was tied in the key hole. This may have belonged to the murderer, but it has been suggested that it might have been Mrs. Matson's. It was not too heavy for a woman to have used."

"There has been some talk about the people she had trouble with at Salina being concerned in the tragedy, but I think not. The man she had trouble with is a Swede by the name of Christopher, an inoffensive fellow, and his trouble is not serious. He wrote to her to know what she would take for 200 bushels of wheat."

"She replied that she would not take less than 35 cents a bushel, but that she wanted to sell all of it. When Christopher received her reply he went to Mrs. Matson's granary and took out 200 bushels, and it is supposed he sent her the wheat. She was not satisfied, and she objected to his taking any of the wheat unless he took all of it. There was nothing in the transaction from which he would not be able to clear himself, and I do not believe he was a party to the crime."

As Mrs. Matson paid one-half of her taxes, amounting to \$18.47, on December 4, it is supposed she received the money for the 200 bushels of wheat Christopher took from her farm.

The officials are generally of the opinion that the discovery of the agreement between Mr. and Mrs. Matson, which is printed in this issue of the JOURNAL, does entirely away with the theory that Mr. Matson was a party to the murder of his wife.

All day yesterday there was a constant stream of people going and coming from the Matson homestead, corner of Fifteenth and Monroe streets and many persons carried away pieces of whatever they could lay their hands on as souvenirs.

The coroner's jury was in session only a few minutes this morning and adjourned until 3 o'clock. Coroner Bailey said to a JOURNAL reporter, "I expect the jury will be in session most of the week. We want if we can, to return more than a formal verdict, and try and find out all the particulars of the death and the names of the murderers."

A circumstance which may or may not have significance regarding the mystery came from North Topeka late Saturday. Mrs. A. J. Proudfit found concealed in a pile of rubbish in her yard a shirt and vest which were saturated with blood. The garments were turned over to the police.

Commissioner J. Lee Knight is familiar with an incident which shows how Mrs. Matson engendered the illfeeling of her neighbors. A man named Estus was found insane in the probate court, and there was no room for him in the asylum he was committed to the charge and care of relatives, who were paid the same rate for his care as the county receives in such cases. Mrs. Matson concluded that

Estus wasn't insane and was drawing the money under false pretenses. She made several complaints to both the county commissioners and the probate judge.

A young amateur photographer has been pressed into the detective service to take a snap shot at several suspects, which will be submitted to the deaf mute George Knight for his identification. Those who believe Knight knows a great deal about the murder are many, and photography may be a means of helping him tell what he knows.

## A CIRCUS THROUG.

Great Crowds of People Visit the Scene of the Recent Tragedy.

All day yesterday a crowd was gathered around the house at 1435 Monroe street, where Mrs. A. D. Matson was murdered. People of all classes and conditions flocked to the place, stood in the yard and discussed the tragedy, peered into the windows and when the doors were finally opened by the colored man who is in charge of the house the people swarmed in and examined every object with interest.

Then each had his own story to tell of how and where the unfortunate woman met her death. They gathered around the awful stains on the floor of the south west room with a somewhat awestruck appearance and then went away satisfied.

The street in front of the house was so filled with carriages that it was almost impossible to drive through but few of the occupants went into the house. They contented themselves with looking at the exterior of the rough stone building.

## DIVIDED THEIR PROPERTY.

Interesting Document Signed by Mr. and Mrs. Matson Brought to Light.

There is on file in the register of deeds' office a copy of an agreement made in 1890 between Mr. and Mrs. Albert Matson.

About that time Mr. Matson had brought before J. C. Nugent, a notary at San Diego, California, and Mrs. Matson went to California to look after her interests in the suit. While she was there she and Mr. Matson agreed to live separately, and made an agreement dividing their property, and Mr. Matson dismissed the suit for divorce.

The agreement which was acknowledged before J. C. Nugent, a notary at San Diego, by both Mr. and Mrs. Matson, June 24, 1890, is as follows:

Whereas, Said parties are at the date hereof husband and wife, and the owners jointly and severally at the date hereof of the property hereinafter described, and whereas they each desire and agree to a division of said property as herein after provided, viz: The said Albert Matson hereby gives, grants, assigns and conveys to his wife Alameda D. Matson, all that certain property known as the Boyle and Barrett farms in sections 15 and 16, township 13, range 4, Saline county, Kansas; also lots 501, and 503 on Monroe street, Topeka, Kan.

The said Alameda D. Matson hereby gives, grants, assigns and conveys to her said husband, Albert Matson, all that certain property known as their College lots, the same being three lots at the northwest corner of Lincoln and Fourteenth streets, Topeka's second addition to Topeka, Kan. Also what has been known as the Dybond and Fowler tracts situated on the north side of Fifteenth street and near the Shungumung creek, i. e., tracts 851 and 852, containing in all about four acres; also S. 1/2 of S. 1/4 Sec. 14, Tp. 14, R. 3 W., also a homestead in Sec. 27, Tp. 14, R. 2 W., containing in all 320 acres, said acres situated in San Diego county, Cal.

If at any time said parties desire to sell or mortgage said property, each agrees with the other to join in the conveyance.

It is agreed that the divorce proceedings in the superior court of San Diego county, California, shall be dismissed at the cost of Albert Matson, and that no suit shall hereafter be brought by either party for divorce from each other.

Whenever first party shall sell the college lots he shall pay the second party the sum of \$150.

## NEVILLS HIRES AN ATTORNEY.

Frank Nevils has engaged Gunn & McNary to defend him, and Mr. McNary told a JOURNAL reporter this afternoon that proceedings for a writ of habeas corpus were likely to be commenced to secure the release of their client from the county jail.

## PARKHURST IN BRONZE.

Now the Euthanasic New Yorkers are "Sculpting" Him.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—For some time the Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst has been giving sittings to Sculptor Ralph Barrett Goddard, of No. 19 West Twenty-second street, with the result of an excellent likeness of the doctor in bronze has relief 7 1/2 x 9 1/2 inches in size.

The bronze is now on private exhibition at the studio of Mrs. J. Frederick Franklin, No. 70 Fifth avenue.

Forty copies will ultimately be cast to be disposed of to members of his church and those interested in his work. Among the subscribers are John Crosby Brown, Wm. E. Dodge, Hiram Hitchcock, Dr. Willard Parker, Charles H. Trask and James M. Slater.

## HOGG STILL AFTER THEM.

He Sends a Requisition to Florida for a Standard Oil Man.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 24.—Governor Mitchell received today at Tallahassee a requisition from Governor Hogg of Texas for Henry M. Flagler of St. Augustine, the railway, hotel and Standard Oil magnate, who with other Standard Oil magnates has been indicted in the Texas courts for violating the anti-trust laws of that state. Governor Mitchell has not indicated his probable course.

## Mr. Chas. Tupper No Better.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—Sir Charles Tupper, whose illness was announced in these dispatches yesterday, is still very weak. He was able to go down stairs at noon today for the first time since he was attacked.

Figured black velvet hand bag containing a pocketbook with \$5 bill and some small change; also pair of gold bowed spectacles.

Finder leave at 812 Kansas avenue and receive reward.

## THEIR TURN NOW.

The New York Police Are Themselves Blackmailed.

Wrong Doers Threaten Them With Lexow Committee.

## MONEY IS EXTORTED.

Valuable Witnesses Get Money to Remain Silent.

Those Who Have Been Bled Try to Get Even.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—The wholesale terror in which New Yorkers hold the Lexow committee is the capital stock of a new kind of blackmail. Some persons are threatened with accusation before the committee, while others are to get subpoenaed as witnesses if they refuse to pay. Nor are the pantaloons escaping. When they subscribed toward the traveling expenses of Kate Shubert and Mrs. Tarrow, others who know damaging facts were inspired to ask for free transportation or its equivalent in coin.

A police captain told a reporter that he had been bullied or threatened by more than twenty keepers of disorderly houses. The women told him if he refused to pay them money they would go to John W. Coff and the Lexow committee, and accuse him of receiving bribes in return for protection. The captain said the practice was becoming general, and that he had a number of fellow-sufferers. Sometimes the demand for money was made in a begging way. The women declared that since the Lexow committee had turned New York upside down they had to go out of business and were penniless. This was followed by a request for the restoration of some of the money they had paid for protection.

Certain lawyers in New York, practicing for the most part in the criminal courts, are being pillaged by the extortioners. Former "shady" clients have asked for money with the threat that if they were refused they would take the witness stand and swear they had paid extortionate sums for defense and that other sums were obtained from them on the pretense that the money would go to "fix" judges and court clerks. The unfortunate believing that such a charge would injure their practice and ruin a dice bench and bar against them have been bled.

## DECISION AGAINST EDISON.

The American Graphophone Company Wins Its Suit in Every Point.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—A decision was today rendered in the supreme court of the District of Columbia in the suit which has been pending for nearly two years, brought by the American Graphophone company, nominally against the Columbia Phonograph company, but the real parties defendant being Thomas A. Edison and the Edison Phonograph works.

It was alleged by the American Graphophone company that the original Edison tin foil phonograph was a failure, as the sound records it made were not accurate, permanent nor capable of being reproduced, as often as desired, could not be detached from the machine, handled and transported and that the art as now known was created by the inventions of Alex. Graham Bell, Chester A. Bell and Charles S. Tainter, who began their work under the auspices of the Volta Laboratory association and whose patents were afterwards acquired by the American Graphophone company and that every phonograph, every phonograph cylinder and every phonograph record became practical and valuable only so far as it relied upon the principle of engraving the record as distinguished from the abandoned method of indenting used in Edison's original tin foil phonograph.

No testimony was taken for the Columbia Phonograph company in the case, and when the time limit fixed by the court had almost expired, the defendant withdrew counsel, and allowed a decree by default. The court finds for the American Graphophone company on every point, issues a decree of injunction against the defendants, and orders an accounting by the auditor of the court. Other suits are pending in New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Massachusetts, Illinois and Kansas.

## JUST ABOVE STARVATION.

The Condition of the Miners is Deplorable Says McBride.

MASILLON, Ohio, Dec. 24.—John McBride, speaking of the condition of the miners today, said the men were just above the starvation point, but that they must accept what they could get until the opening of a successful movement. "I believe," said he, "the government should operate all lines of production and transportation that the people may elect, and that the accumulation of vast fortunes should be prevented by limiting the amount one man may leave to his heirs."

## NEW COLORADO ROAD.

A Railroad from Pueblo to Trinidad Will Be Commenced Soon.

DENVER, Col., December 24.—Receiver Trumbull has fully determined to build a railroad from Pueblo to Trinidad to fill the gap in the Gulf system and dirt will begin to fly inside of thirty days.

The distance is ninety-two miles and the estimated cost is \$1,000,000. Arrangements have already been made so that the first installment of the money can be obtained on short notice.

## Denver Commission Firm Failing.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 24.—F. Henningson took possession of the produce commission house of Kaufman & Murray today on a mortgage for \$6,000. The firm did a large business with the farmers in Kansas and Nebraska. No statement of assets and liabilities could be obtained.

## MISS POLLARD MISSING.

A Theatrical Manager Has Searched New York For Her in Vain.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—Madeline Pollard, of damage suit fame, is missing. Manager M. C. Anderson of the Fountain theatre, Cincinnati, has been in New York since Wednesday last hunting the city from Harlem to the Battery and from river to river for the woman who broke the political power of W. C. P. Breckinridge.

The fact that Miss Pollard has not promised to be a sufficient drawing card for first-class houses to bill does not in the least discourage Mr. Anderson, who considers that she will be an unusual drawing card for popular price theaters. Manager Powers last summer had a contract with her for her appearance upon the stage of first-class houses. He learned then that the scandal which clustered about the name of Miss Pollard would make it impossible for her appearance at fashionable play houses, and the hopes which Miss Pollard then expressed to appear were for a time shattered.

Now Mr. Anderson believes Mr. Powers made a mistake in not trying to bill her at popular price houses. And he is exerting every energy to find her. Night and day since reaching this city he has been on the go, but as yet has not been able to locate her. He is armed with a contract which, if signed by the young woman, will call for a large salary each week.

What he is willing to pay Miss Pollard, Mr. Anderson will not say, but he intimates that it would not take her long to make a sum which would compare favorably with the amount which she is trying to collect from Col. Breckinridge. That Miss Pollard is in the city is certain but in what part is the mystery. She is no longer known as Miss Pollard, but has changed her name to one which suggests nothing of what her life has been.

It was but a short time ago that she obtained a position with a large house in this city as a typewriter. When her identity was learned she was informed that her services were no longer needed. Since then she is said to have hidden her whereabouts from her acquaintances. The Cincinnati manager is confident that he can induce Miss Pollard to sign his contract if he can only find her.

## MC KANE'S CHILD PRAYS.

The Ex-hon' Little Girl Offers a Prayer in Public Ending "God Bless Papa."

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—There was an impressive scene in the Little Methodist church at Sheepshead bay. There it was that John V. McKane, the ex-convict of Coney Island, now in Sing Sing prison, used to sing hymns. It was prayer meeting night, and the superintendent of the Sunday school conducted the service. Then Mr. Trudwell made an appeal for some one to offer prayer at the end of the meeting. No one rose. A few minutes went by, and then a clear childish voice was heard from a pew in the corner of the church.

Fannie McKane, who is barely 12 years old, walked up the aisle. She offered a short prayer, which closed, "God bless papa and mamma. Amen."

Then she left the church alone. There were but a few dry eyes in the meeting.

## ARMENIAN COMMISSION.

Turkey Appoints Two Members-The American Delegate Question Unsettled.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 24.—Cherif Bey, president of the court of cassation, and Djaleddin Bey, president of the appellate court of the court of appeals have been appointed members of the Armenian commission.

It is stated here that the question of the appointment of an American delegate to accompany the commission or to make an independent investigation is still unsettled. In view of the severity of the winter the commission is not likely to be able to visit the mountain districts.

## RAISING VOLUNTEERS.

The Mexican Government is Making Provision for Handling Troops.

CITY OF MEXICO, Dec. 24.—Advices from Puebla state that a large volunteer force has been organized in the state of Guerrero for service in Guatemala in case it is declared with that country by Mexico.

At the port of Acapulco the government has made preparations for the quick handling of troops and their transportation by water to Guatemala will be easily accomplished should there be necessity for such a movement.

RIGBY'S

125 KANSAS AVE

Candies.

We have 25,000 pounds on our counters to be sold this week. Try a